

, [3], , , .
 , , .
 , .
 :

$$K_{\min} = \frac{\rho H_0}{\sigma}, \quad (1)$$

0 - , ; -
 24,3-25,6, (1), = 80,3 - 18 24,5-25,3 / .
 K_{\min} ,

$$K_{\min}^0 = \frac{K_{\min} \sigma}{\sigma}. \quad (2)$$

0,25 0,8 , 25 / .
 (6-15) K_{\min}

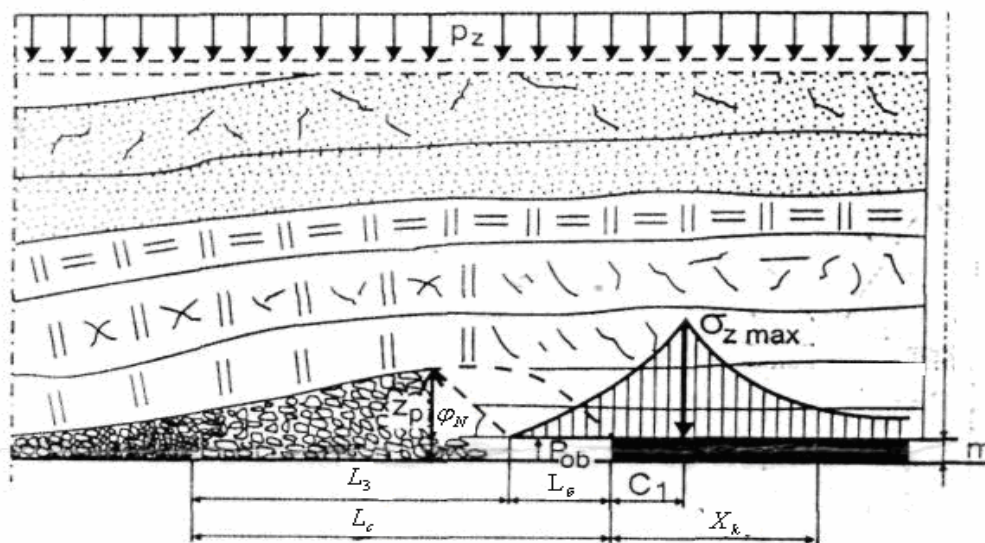
- K ,

$$K_{\sigma} = \frac{P_{\max}}{P_{\min}}. \quad (3)$$

0,7-0,8 , P_{\max} : P_{\min} ,

$K \geq 1,5$,
 $1,5$.
 K , -

$K \geq 3$ (, ,)
 $K = 6,7$. , (.1).



. 1.

: m - ; R , R - ; $\sigma_{z \max}$ - ; P_z - () ; N - Z_p ; N 24-28° ($\phi_N^{\max} \approx 33^\circ$) [1]

$$L_s, \quad (. . . 1)$$

$$L_s = 21m \sqrt{\frac{R_p}{\rho H}} = 4,6m \sqrt{\frac{R}{\rho}} ; \quad (4)$$

L , , :

$$L = 14m \sqrt{\frac{R}{\rho H}} = 3m \sqrt{\frac{R}{\rho}} ; \quad (5)$$

:

$$L = 7m \sqrt{\frac{R}{\rho H}} = 1,53m \sqrt{\frac{R}{\rho}} ; \quad (6)$$

:

$$= 12,6m \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{R}} = 2,7m \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{R_p}} \quad (7)$$

$$_1 = 2,3m \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{R}} = 0,5m \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{R_p}} \quad (8)$$

(« - », , -
 ,
 (0,6-1,6-2 , 1-2
 30-50 30 % [6]), 400-600 , 80-90 130
 [6], , ,
 , , ,

$$\frac{W_s}{W_g}$$

$$W_s = \frac{(K\sigma)^2}{2E}, \quad (9)$$

$K -$; -
 $g H; g -$; - ; -

$$W_g = (9,3X - 0,01)X_{30\rho}, \quad (10)$$

- , ^{3/} ; 30 - ,
 = 0,75 , 30 ; r -

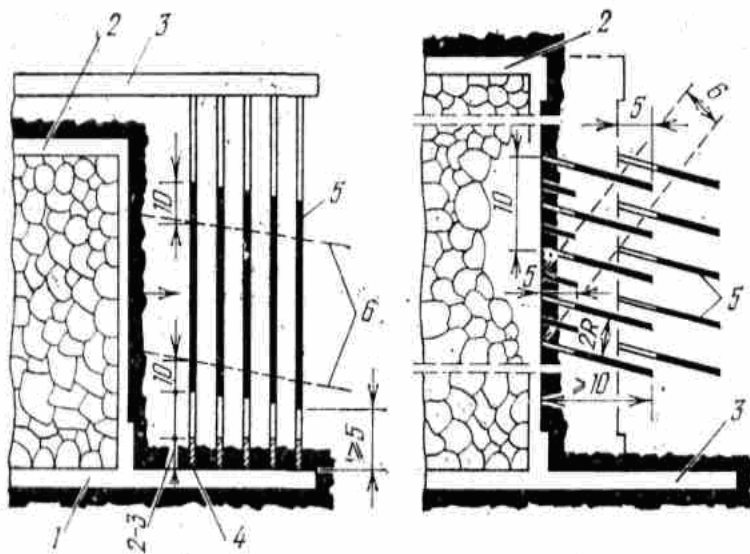
$$\frac{W_s}{W_g} \geq 2, \quad (\quad).$$

$\frac{0,4}{0,2}$;	$\frac{0,6}{0,3}$		$\frac{0,8}{0,4}$
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$W_s + W_g > 0,4$,
 , -
 , - : ,
 , - :)

;)
;)
(. 3)
;)
;)
() [4].

1. (. 2,)
(1)
(. 2,) [6].
(. 2,), 5
- , 0,6-1,3
- 8-10

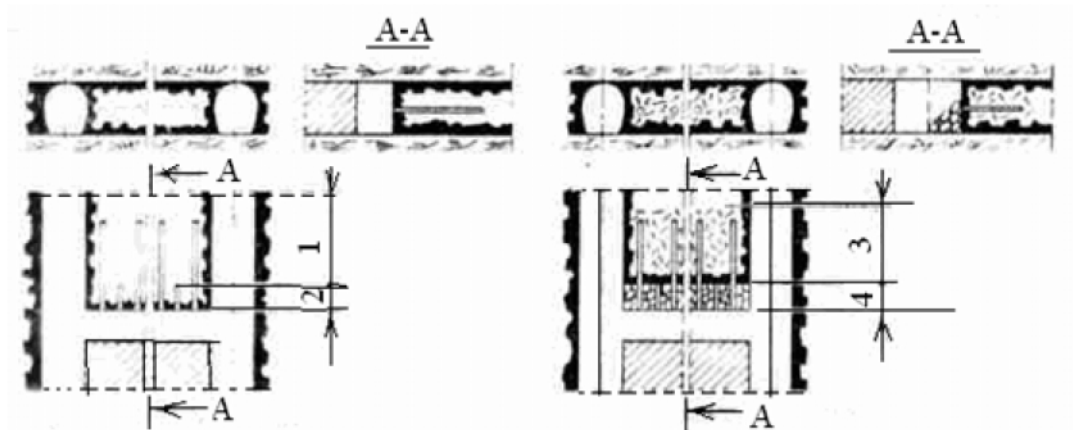


. 2.

2.

. 3

90°



. 3. ; 1- ; 2- ; 3- ; 4-

, , , : L_c , d_c (), r_c , .5 l , L_c .

() , σ_{max}^z - $x - 1$ - σ_{max} σ_z - x -

$$\sigma \leq \sigma_z.$$

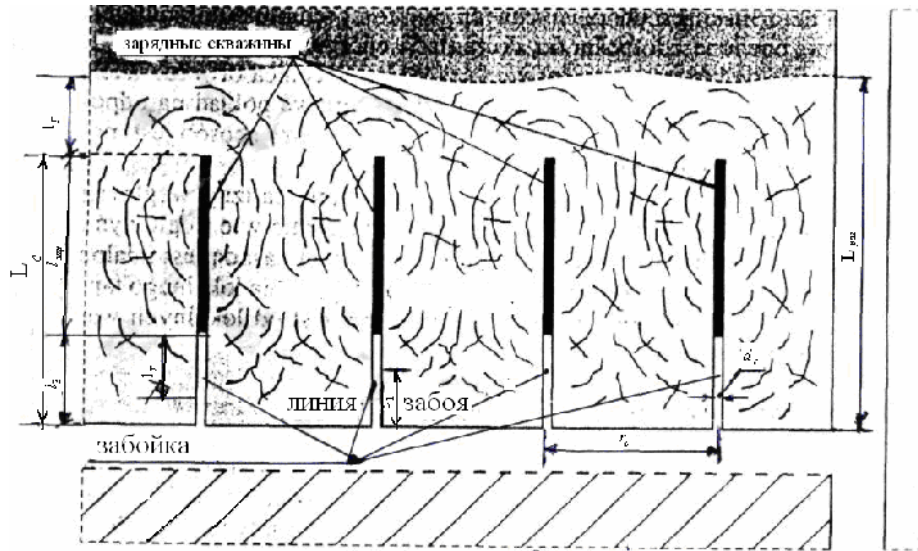
, σ_{max} σ_z .

4),

L_p

l

L_x



5.

; l - ; L - ; $r = 2 r$ - ; L_c -
 ; r - ; l -
 , $l = L_c - l$

(7) (8),

5-5,4

1.

1.

	1,0	1,5	2	2,5	3,0	3,5
L_c ,	8,5	9	10	11	12	13,5
l ,	3,5	4	5	5	5	5
l ,	5,0	5,0	5,0	6,0	7	8,5
L_c 1	8,5	6	5	4,4	4	3,86
(7), (8),	1,57	1,11	0,93	0,81	0,74	0,71

3,5 . 2,2

r .

$$r = r \sqrt{\frac{2 - \sigma}{\sigma}}, \quad (7)$$

$$r = r \sqrt{\frac{2 - \sigma}{\sigma}}, \quad (11)$$

$$r = (1-n) - P \cdot n, \quad (12)$$

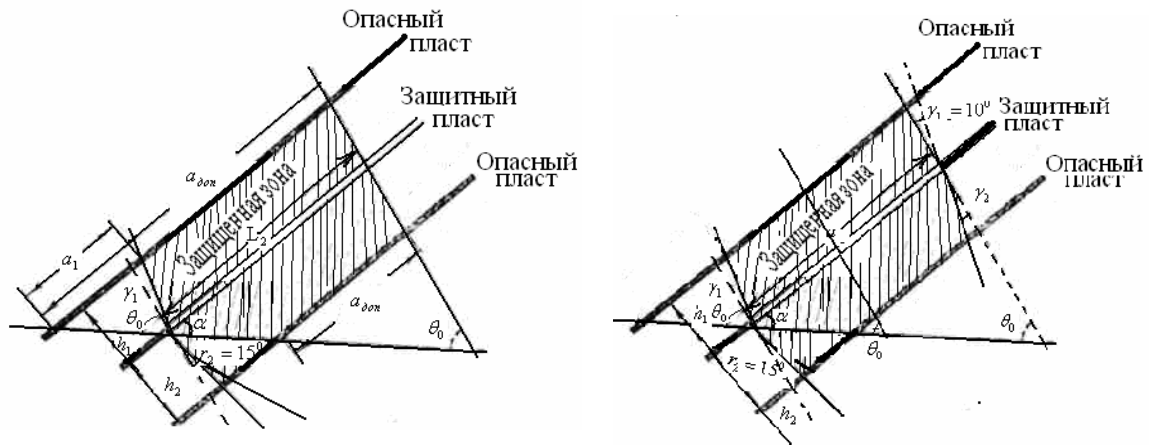
$$r = () ; \sigma = ()$$

$$r = (), \quad (11)$$

$$K_a = X_{II}/X_I$$

0,66, 0,75, 0,65;
= 0,54-0,86 . .

$$\sigma = \sigma_0 \left[\frac{r}{r} \right]^{2 - \frac{v}{1-v}}, \quad (13)$$

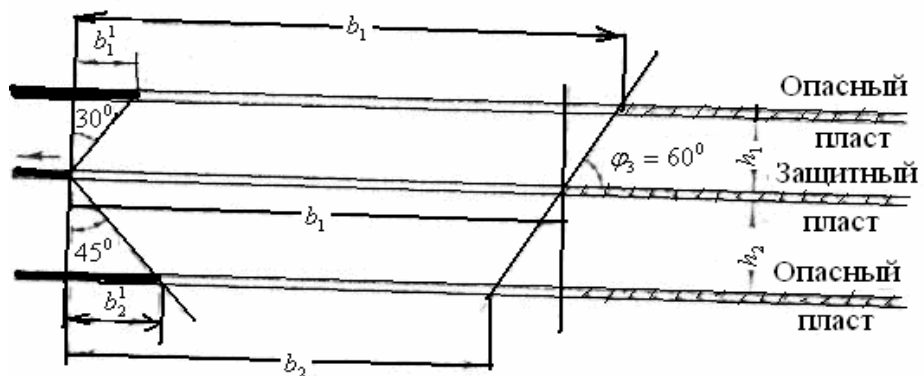


6. $h_1 = 0,5a$, $L_2 = 0,6H_0$; $h_2 = 100$, $h_1 = 0,7a$, $h_2 = 100$

$$h_1 = h \geq 6m \cos \alpha, \tag{15}$$

$m -$, ; $-$ (0 70°).

(. 7)



7.

$$\begin{aligned} &: b_1^1 = 0,6h, b_2^1 = h_2; \\ &: b_1 = (H_0 + h) \operatorname{ctg} \varphi_3; b_2 = (H_0 - h) \operatorname{ctg} \varphi_3. \end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

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(, ,)

1.

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(,),

(. .1, (4)-(8)).

2.

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.. (. .6,7).

3.

,

- , - ,

(. .5, , (11)-(14)).

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5.11.2012 .