

622.727.1.3

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 . . , . . , . . , . (« »)
 .
 y z .
 : , , , , .
 ,
 y z .
 : , , , , .

Results of experimental studies of dust dispersion in the work space of granite quarry in the process of blast hole drilling are presented. Coefficients of horizontal y and vertical z dispersions are calculated. Dust dispersion areas for different meteorological conditions are identified.

Key words: dust, granite, drilling, work space, dispersion.

. ,
 ,
 . , , [1–3],
 . , ,
 . ,
 . [4–8]
 100
 100 , , 0
 .
 [4]

$$C(x, y, z) = \frac{M}{4\pi\sqrt{k_y k_z}} \exp\left[-\frac{W}{4x}\left(\frac{y^2}{k_y} + \frac{z^2}{k_z}\right)\right], \quad (1)$$

$C(x, y, z)$ – x, y, z , / 3 ; – y, z , /; W – x , /; k_y, k_z –

(1) z z [4]:

$$y = \frac{2k_y x}{W}, \quad z = \frac{2k_z x}{W}. \quad (2)$$

(2) (1),

$$C(x, y, z) = \frac{M}{2 y z W} \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{2 y} - \frac{z^2}{2 z}\right). \quad (3)$$

(3) (3),

$$C(x, y, z, H) = \frac{Q}{2\pi\sigma_y\sigma_z W} \exp\left[-\left(\frac{y^2}{\sqrt{2}\sigma_y}\right)^2\right] \left\{ \exp\left[\left(\frac{z-H}{\sqrt{2}\sigma_z}\right)^2\right] + \exp\left[\left(\frac{z+H}{\sqrt{2}\sigma_z}\right)^2\right] \right\}, \quad (4)$$

Q – () , /; – , ; z – , ; W – , / . (4)

V.

$$(x, y, z) = \frac{QKV}{2 \cdot u_s \cdot y \cdot z} \cdot \exp\left(-0,5 \cdot \frac{y^2}{\sigma_y^2}\right), \quad (5)$$

K – $= 1 \cdot 10^6$; u_s – , / .

(5) $Q(\cdot), u_s, V$

z^{-}

[5, 6]

$$y = a_1 \cdot x^1; \quad z = b_1 \cdot x^1, \quad (6)$$

$a_1, b_1 -$
;
[7, 8],

$$y = \frac{y \cdot x}{\sqrt{1 + 10^{-4} x}}; \quad (7)$$

$$z = \frac{z \cdot x}{s_z(x)}, \quad (8)$$

$s_z(x) -$

[9, 10]:

$$y = 456,11628 \cdot x \cdot \tan\{0,01745329[c - d \cdot \ln(x)]\}; \quad (9)$$

$$z = a \cdot x^b, \quad (10)$$

$a, b, c, d -$
;

(6)–(10)

[4–10]

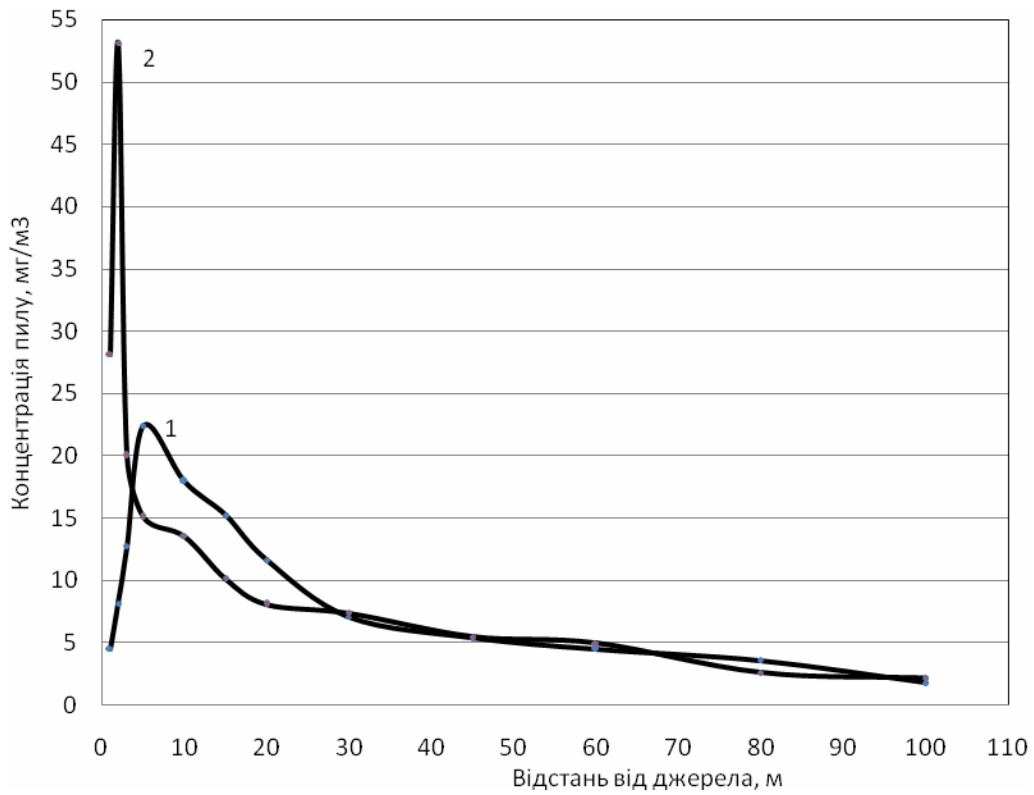
100 0 100

$v = 5-12 / ;$

$w = 49-55 \% ;$
 $0 = 0,75 / ;$

1 100 .

18° ;
 $v > 6$ /
 $v = 2$ / ;
 $4,2^\circ$;
 $v = 2-3$ /
 $w = 95\%$;
 $\sigma = 0,75$ / ;
 ()
 .1.

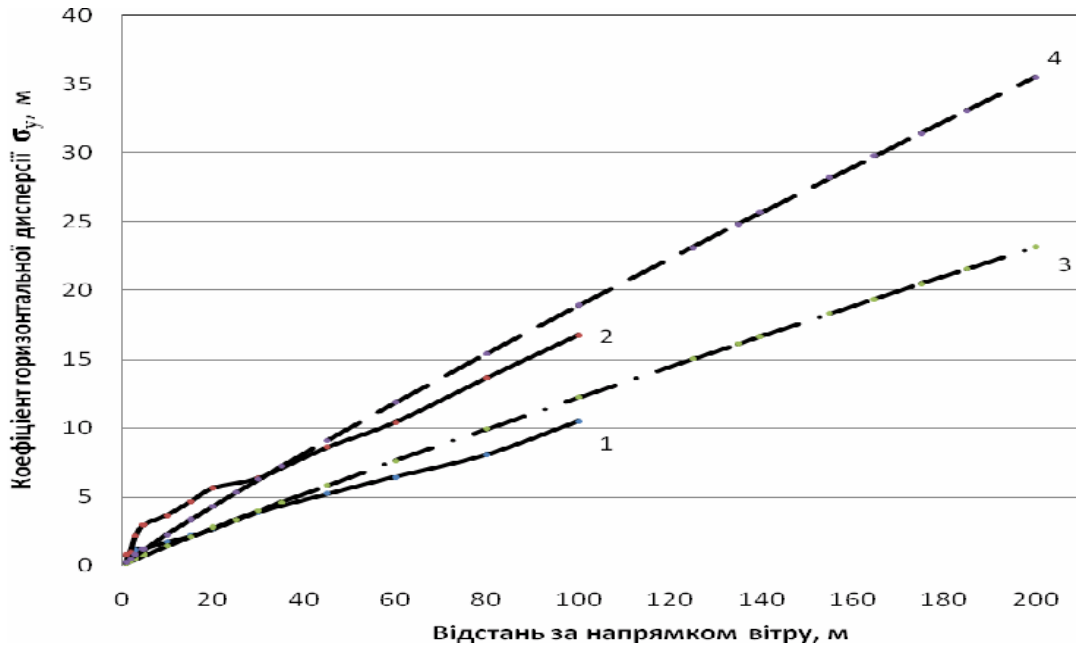


. 1.

: 1 - ; 2 -

. 1

53,2 / ³ ; 22,4 / ³ ; 5 / ³ ; 1,8 / ³ ; 100 / ³ ; 2,2 / ³ ; (, 0, 2) ; (. 2 3, 1-2). (9)-(10) a, b, c, d 3-4 [4-10].



. 2.

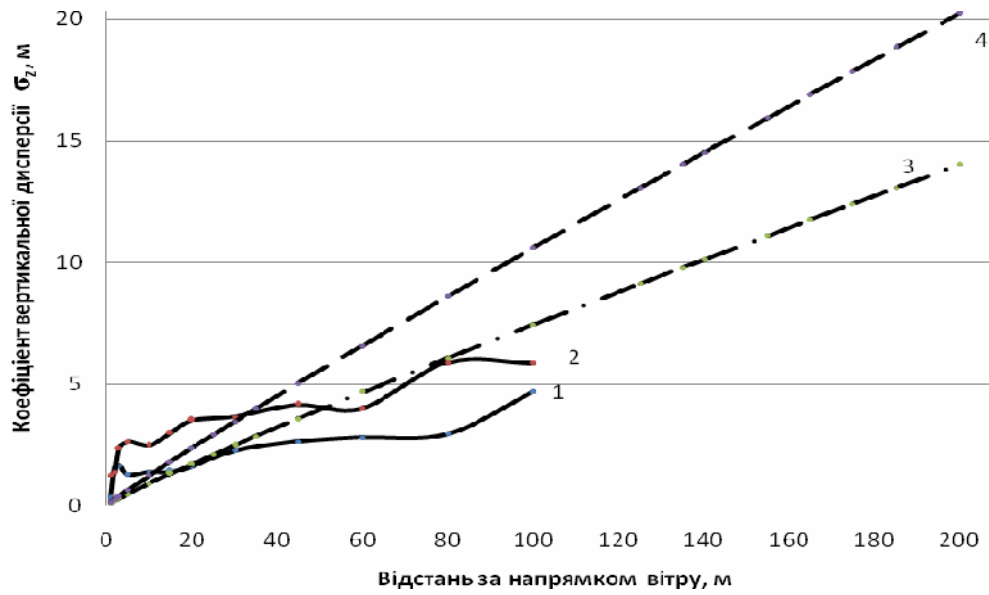
(9)

; 4 –

; 2 – ,

(9)

: 1 –
; 3 –



. 3.

(10)

; 4 –

; 2 – ,

(10)

: 1 –
; 3 –

. 2–3 ,

y'

(9),

(. 2).

(10),

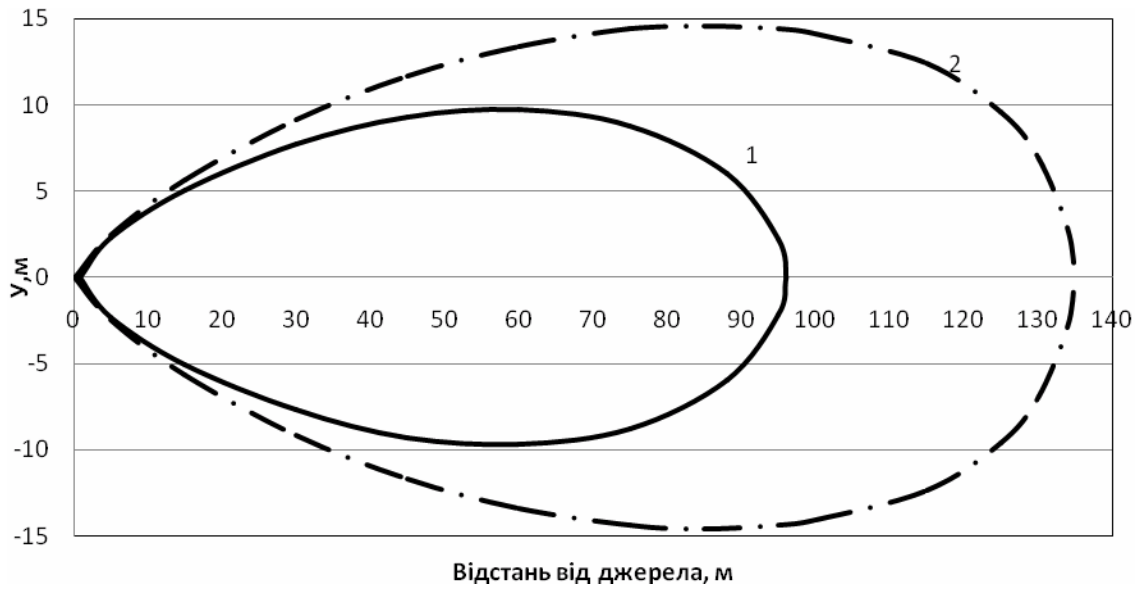
(9), (10)

(5)
(. 4).

10-70 %).

(= 2 / 3

SiO₂



. 4.
(, 0, 2),

: 1 -
; 2 -

a, b, c, d [4-10]

. 4

0...100

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