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Results of theoretical investigation on definition of optimal tamping length of blast-hole charge are given; analytical functional dependences from the relationship of tamping length to charge length from their density are established.

Key words: explosion, blast-hole charge, tamping, optimal length.

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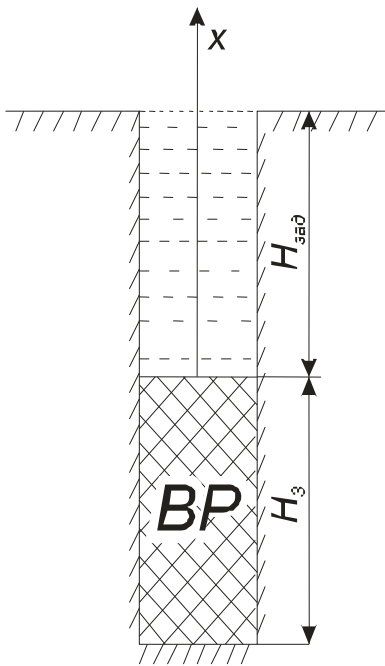
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$M - H - m -$ (. 1).

$$V^3 = \text{const}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = (v - c)t + F(v) \\ v + c = \text{const} \end{cases}, \quad (1)$$

- ; $t -$; $p, V, v -$, -

$F(v)$ const: $F(v) = 0$ const = c .

$$t = 0, x = 0 \text{ i } v = 0, c = c ,$$

$$M \frac{dv}{dt} = pS, \quad (2)$$

$S -$

$$M \frac{dv}{dt} = Sp \left(\frac{c}{c} \right)^3 = Sp \left(\frac{c-v}{c} \right)^3 = Sp \left(1 - \frac{v}{c} \right)^3. \quad (3)$$

$$p = \frac{1}{8} D^2, \quad c = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} D,$$

$$M \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{S}{3} \left(1 - \frac{v}{c} \right)^3 = \frac{mc^2}{3} \left(1 - \frac{v}{c} \right)^3, \quad (4)$$

$-$; $D -$

$$(4)$$

$$\frac{d\left(1 - \frac{v}{c}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{v}{c}\right)^3} = -\frac{m \cdot c}{3M} dt. \quad (5)$$

$$(5) \quad , \quad t=0, v=0 ,$$

$$v = c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2mc}{3M \cdot H} t + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right). \quad (6)$$

(6)

() t ,

$$t / t \geq 1. \quad (7)$$

D

$$t = H / D. \quad (8)$$

D

$$H : = \alpha \cdot$$

$$t = \alpha H / v . \tag{9}$$

(8) (9) (7),

$$\alpha D / v \geq 1. \tag{10}$$

(10),

$$\frac{\alpha D}{v} = 1 \quad \alpha D = c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2mc t}{3M \cdot H} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right). \tag{11}$$

$$t = t = \frac{H}{D}, \quad m = \frac{\pi d^2}{4}, \quad M = \rho \alpha \frac{\pi d^2}{4}, \quad \rho -$$

$$\begin{aligned} v &= c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2mc t}{3M \cdot H} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2mc H}{3M \cdot H \cdot D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = \\ &= c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2mc}{3M \cdot D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2\rho \frac{\pi d^2}{4} c}{3\rho \alpha \frac{\pi d^2}{4} D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = \\ &= c \left(1 - \left(\frac{2\rho c}{3\rho \alpha D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = c \left(1 - \left(n \frac{c}{\alpha D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right), \quad n = \frac{2\rho}{3\rho}. \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} D \quad \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} \approx 0,61, \end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} D \left(1 - \left(\frac{n \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} D}{\alpha D} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = 0,61 \left(1 - \left(\frac{0,61n}{\alpha} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right).$$

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$$\left(\frac{0,61n}{\alpha} + 1\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 1 - 1,63\alpha;$$

$$(1 - 1,63\alpha)\sqrt{\frac{0,61n}{\alpha} + 1} = 1;$$

$$(1 - 1,63\alpha)^2\left(\frac{0,61n}{\alpha} + 1\right) = 1;$$

$$\frac{0,61n}{\alpha} - \frac{1,99n\alpha}{\alpha} + \frac{1,62n\alpha^2}{\alpha} + 1 - 3,26\alpha + 2,66\alpha^2 = 1;$$

$$0,61n - 1,99n\alpha + 1,62n\alpha^2 - 3,26\alpha^2 + 2,66\alpha^3 = 0;$$

$$2,66\alpha^3 + (1,62n - 3,26)\alpha^2 - 1,99n\alpha + 0,61n = 0;$$

$$\alpha^3 + (0,61n - 1,22)\alpha^2 - 0,75n\alpha + 0,23n = 0;$$

$$\alpha^3 + \left(0,61\frac{2\rho}{3\rho} - 1,22\right)\alpha^2 - 0,75\frac{2\rho}{3\rho}\alpha + 0,23\frac{2\rho}{3\rho} = 0. \quad (12)$$

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(12),

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$$\rho = 1700 \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$n = \frac{2\rho}{3\rho} \approx 0,57, \quad ,$$

(12),

$$\alpha^3 - 0,87\alpha^2 - 0,43\alpha + 0,13 = 0. \quad (13)$$

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$$(13), \quad = 1,15.$$

1:1,15

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[6]

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- 1:1,5.

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