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Attempt to set up the statistical problem of classical physics at the least amount of assumptions and in view of wave properties of molecules is undertaken.

Key words: wave properties, gas, molecular system, space distribution, statistics.

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1. [1-3]

$$Q = \frac{1}{N!} \int \dots \int e^{-\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{p_i^2}{2m} + \sum_{i>j=1}^N u(r_{ij}) \right\} / kT} d , \quad (1)$$

(
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, (1)

$$u(r_{ij}) \cdot p_i \quad (1)$$

2

(1)

N

$$u(r_{ij})$$

P (3)

W (2)

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \frac{p_i^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{i,j=1 \\ i \neq j}}^N u(r_{ij}) + W(t) = W(t); \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \vec{p}_i = \vec{P}(t). \quad (3)$$

W (t)

$\vec{P}(t)$.

3.

$$(2) \quad -$$

?

$$p = \frac{N!}{N_1!N_2!\dots N_n!}, \tag{4}$$

4. N_i

$$\begin{matrix} p_i & p_i + & p_i \\ (2) & (3) & \end{matrix}$$

\vec{p}_i

$$i = 4 / N,$$

N

$$\Omega = \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{(N_i + Z_i - 1)!}{N_i!(Z_i - 1)!}, \tag{5}$$

$Z_i = 1, i = 1 \dots N, N_i = 0, 1, 3, \dots$

5. , 1) (, , , , -

$Z = V/V_1$, N , V_1 , . : , - :

$$\Omega_V = \frac{Z!}{N!(Z-N)!}. \tag{6}$$

(4), (5), (6),

$$S = k \ln \Omega_p + k \ln \Omega + k \ln \Omega_V = S_p + S + S_V, \tag{7}$$

6. S_V , . $Z = bN$, $b = (\text{max}')$

(6), :

$$S_V = kN \ln \left[b \left(\frac{b}{b-1} \right)^{b-1} \right], \tag{8}$$

$$(b \gg 1)$$

$$S_V = kN \ln b = kN \ln V \frac{\text{max}}{m}, \tag{9}$$

$m -$ ($m -$). ,

7. S_p

$$S = k \ln(\Delta\Gamma / \hbar^3), \tag{10}$$

3 ; ,

(,) ,

3

$$S_V \quad (8)$$

$$(10)$$

$$U = mc^2,$$

$$S_p$$

« »:

$$S_p = k \ln \frac{\langle \Delta \Gamma_p \rangle}{\langle \Delta \Gamma_{p \min} \rangle} = kN \ln \frac{\langle p_x \rangle \langle p_y \rangle \langle p_z \rangle}{\langle p_{x \min} \rangle \langle p_{y \min} \rangle \langle p_{z \min} \rangle}. \quad (11)$$

$$\langle p_i \rangle.$$

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$$S_p = kN \ln \frac{mkT_x^{1/2} mkT_y^{1/2} mkT_z^{1/2}}{(mkT)^{3/2}}. \quad (12)$$

(12)

$$S_p \sqcup \frac{3}{2} kN \ln \frac{T}{T}, \quad T \geq T \quad (13)$$

(12), (13) T

T

(10),

T

T

T

$$S_{p,L} \sqcup \frac{3}{2} kN \ln \frac{T}{T} + \frac{i}{2} kN \ln \frac{T}{T}, \quad T \geq T, \quad (14)$$

$$S_{p,L} \sqcup \frac{3}{2} kN \ln \frac{T}{T} + \frac{i}{2} kN \ln \frac{T}{T} + i kN \ln \frac{T}{T}, \quad T \geq T. \quad (15)$$

8.

$$\Delta S = \frac{3}{2} \bar{m} R \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + \bar{m} R \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}, \quad (16)$$

(9) (13):

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_p + \Delta S_V. \quad (17)$$

(15).

9.

$$S = k \ln \Omega = k \ln \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{(N_i + Z_i - 1)!}{N_i! (Z_i - 1)!} = k \ln \frac{N_i!}{N_i! 0!} \equiv 0 \quad (18)$$

$Z_i \ll N,$

$$S = k \ln \frac{(N + N - 1)!}{N! (N - 1)!} \approx 2kN \ln 2, \quad (19)$$

1. 1964. – 568 .

2. . – . : , 1978. – 407 .

3. . – . : , 1973. – 188 .